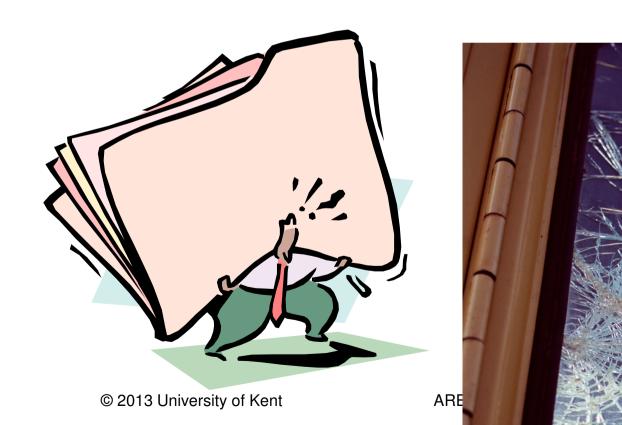
The Trusted Attribute Aggregation Service (TAAS)

Providing an attribute aggregation layer for federated identity management

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Hypothesis

• (Nearly?) All current Identity Management models today are inadequate/broken



Why Inadequate/broken?

Do not fit current use model of plastic cards

 We have multiple cards in our wallet and may need to present several of them in a single transaction

e.g. Credit Card and Rail Card; Hotel Loyalty Card and Frequent Flyer Card

- Along with self asserted data
- The identity management models today assume that in any given transaction the user has one *Identity Provider* (IdP) that will provide *ALL* his/her attributes to the Service Provider (SP)
 - E.g. in CardSpace the user can only select a single card, in SAML/Liberty/Shibboleth the user is redirected to a single IDP to login which provides all his/her attributes
- They are open to phishing attacks, since the SP redirects the user's browser to his IdP



How many attributes are on a Card?

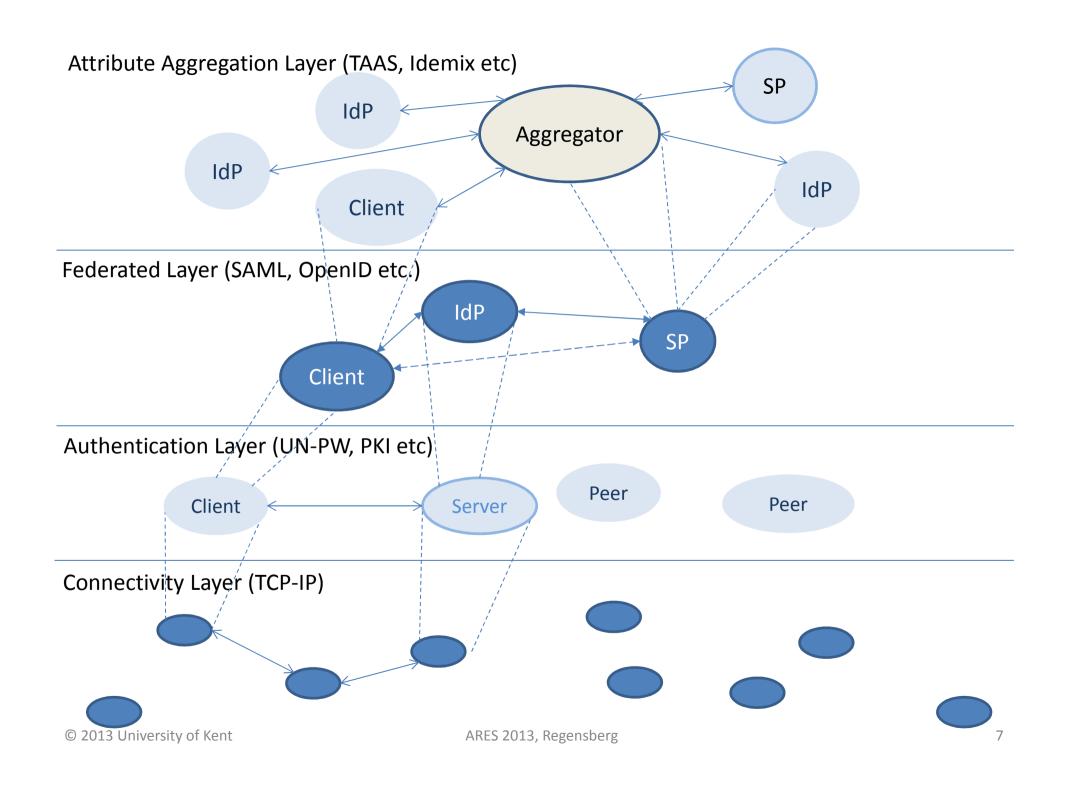
- The vast majority of cards typically only contain a single authorisation attribute about you
- The rest of the information on the card is usually
 - Details about the issuer
 - Validity Time of the card
 - A unique card number
 - Name/Identifier of the subject
 - Information to allow the subject to be authenticated by relying parties (signature, picture, age etc.)
- Consequently the current IdM models are totally inadequate since they expect each identity provider to present ALL your authorisation attributes
 - Why should anyone trust my university to assert my credit card number, my address etc.
 - More importantly, my university would never take responsibility for asserting my credit card number to anyone

Proposed IDM Solution

- SPs should inform users which attributes they need or desire at the time authorisation is needed, along with the assurance level, and should be able to alter this mid-session.
- A user should be able to combine the attributes he has from multiple providers (IdPs/ Attribute Authorities) into a single session with the current service provider, along with self asserted attributes, in order to gain a rich quality of service.
 - E.g. book a hotel room online and present your credit card, hotel loyalty card and frequent flyer card in order to pay, get a free room upgrade and acquire points with your airline,
- User should have complete control, visibility and constent over attribute release, and otherwise be privacy protected
- User should only have to authenticate once in order to do this
- System should be resilient to phishing attacks

Our Proposal

- To add an attribute authorisation and aggregation layer above the existing federation layer
- Purpose: to provide user attribute aggregation, selection and consent at multiple points during a session with a SP, as the user accesses different protected resource requiring different permissions (attributes and LoAs)



Technically Speaking

- The service provider should receive digitally signed attribute assertions from multiple attribute authorities which
 - All belong to the same end user
 - Only release the attributes the user consents to release
 - Give assurance that the person at the other end of the Internet is this end user (and is not a dog)
- Without requiring the user to have to login to each of the attribute authorities
- We propose a Trusted Attribute Aggregation Service for this, which is under the control of the user

TAAS Protocol Flow **TAAS Discovery Credit Card** IdP 5. User Authn 8. 9. 4. 6. 7. Select Attributes Service Provider 10. Complete set of attributes Self **Asserted** Idp 9 **DVLA** IdP **DWP IdP**

Live Demo of TAAS

- The live demo is publicly accessible and is available from here
- http://sec.cs.kent.ac.uk/demos
- Select demo 5, Trusted Attribute Aggregation Service
- There are 3 demos available:
 - e-government, buying a car parking permit
 - e-business, online shopping for books
 - e-learning, downloading a peer-reviewed paper

Users are shown which attributes they have to provide



Borough City Council Online

You Are Here: >> Home >> Parking >> Buy Parking Permit

Before proceeding with your purchase we require you to login with a security level of 2 ? and provide all of the following information:



Proof of Car Ownership issued by the DVLA



Proof of Name and Address issued by the DWP



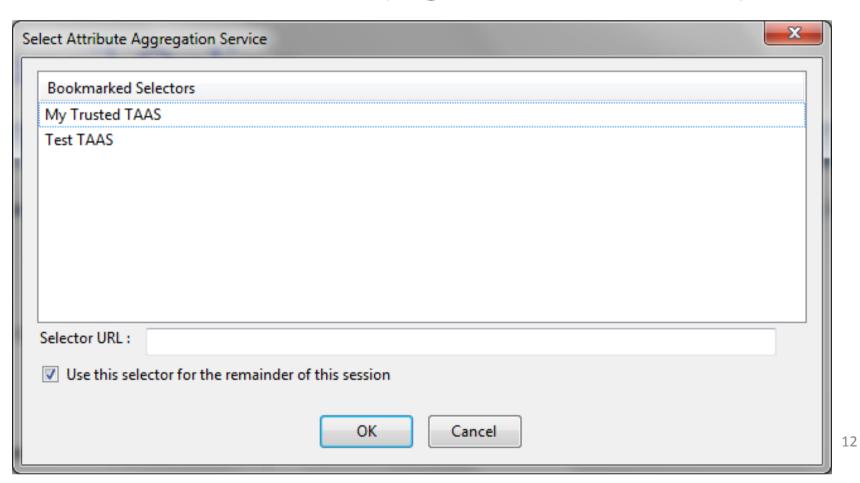
A Credit Card issued by Visa, Mastercard or American Express

User clicks on TAAS icon

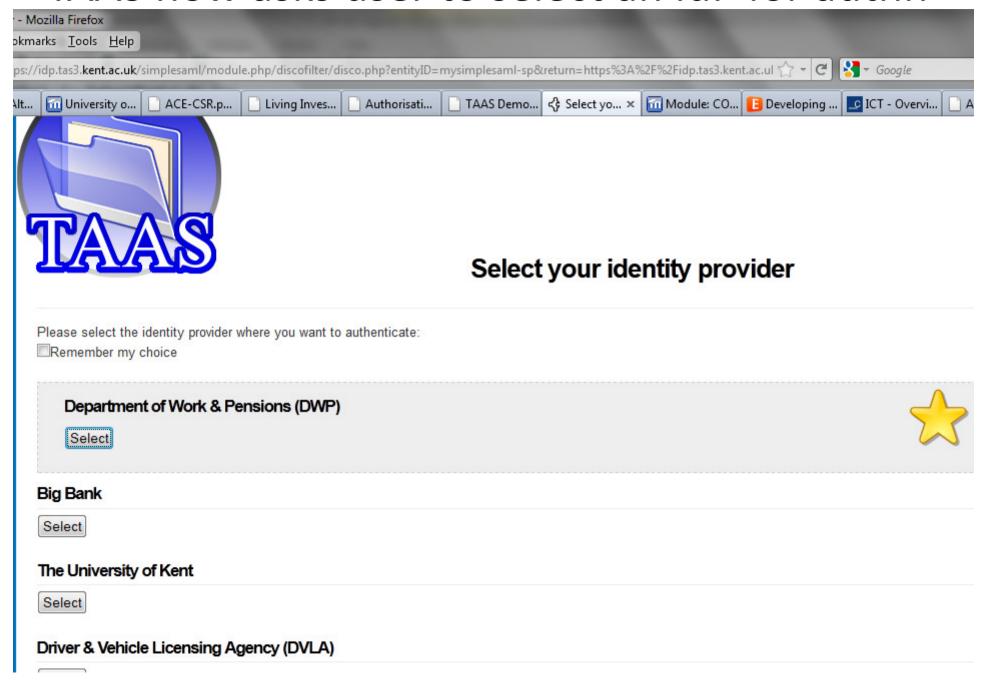


User is asked to select his/her aggregation service

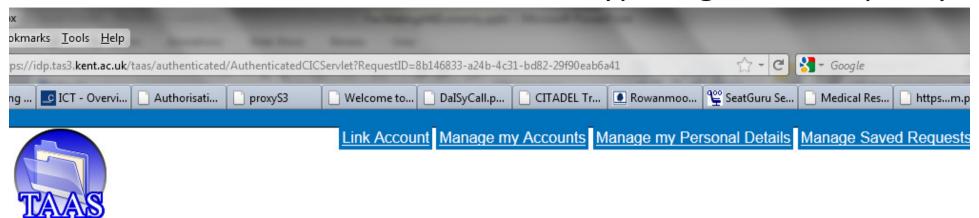
- Users can click on a bookmarked URL (e.g. stored on their own PC)
- Or enter a new URL (e.g. if in Internet café)



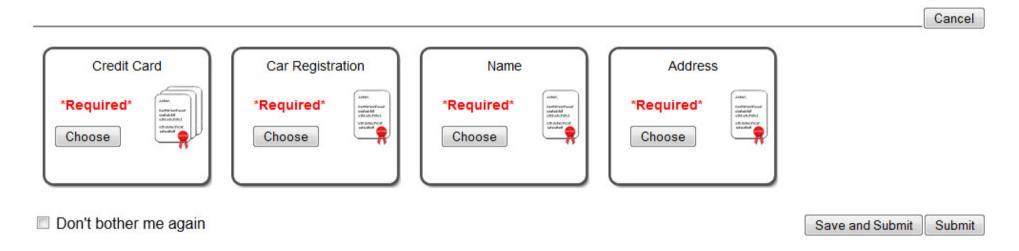
TAAS now asks user to select an IdP for authn



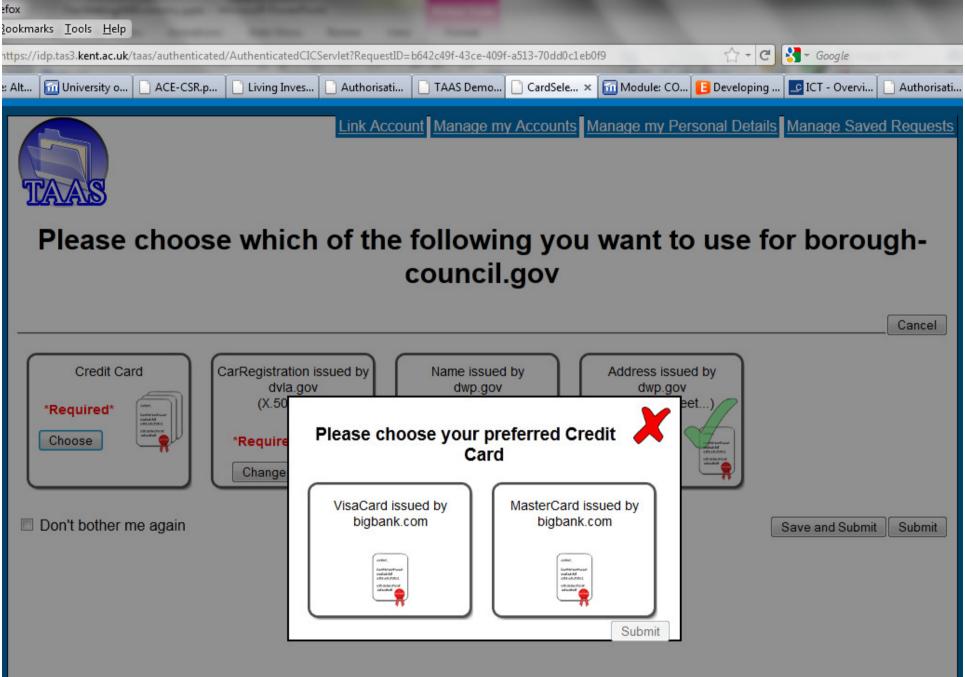
TAAS filters user's available attribute types against SP's policy



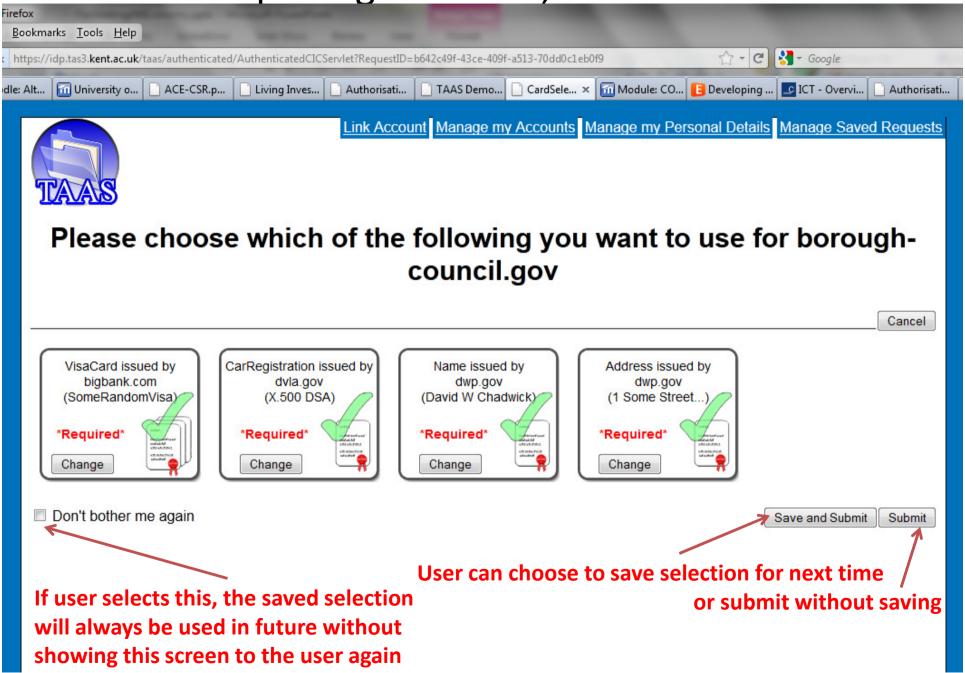
Please choose which of the following you want to use for boroughcouncil2.gov



Allowing user to select which values he/she wants to use



After completing selection, user submits to SP



SP confirms to the user all the actual aggregated attribute values it received from the IdPs



Borough City Council Online

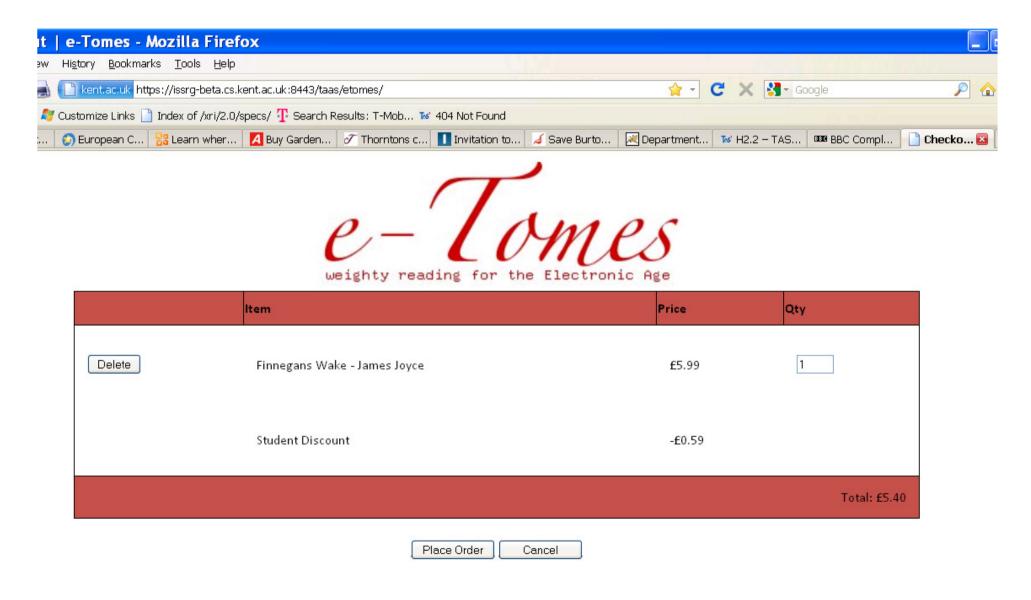
You Are Here: >> Home >> Parking >> Payment Confirmation

Payment Confirmation

A summary of your order is displayed below, please verify that your details are correct before submitting your order.



e-Shopping example



Site shows its Attribute Requirements

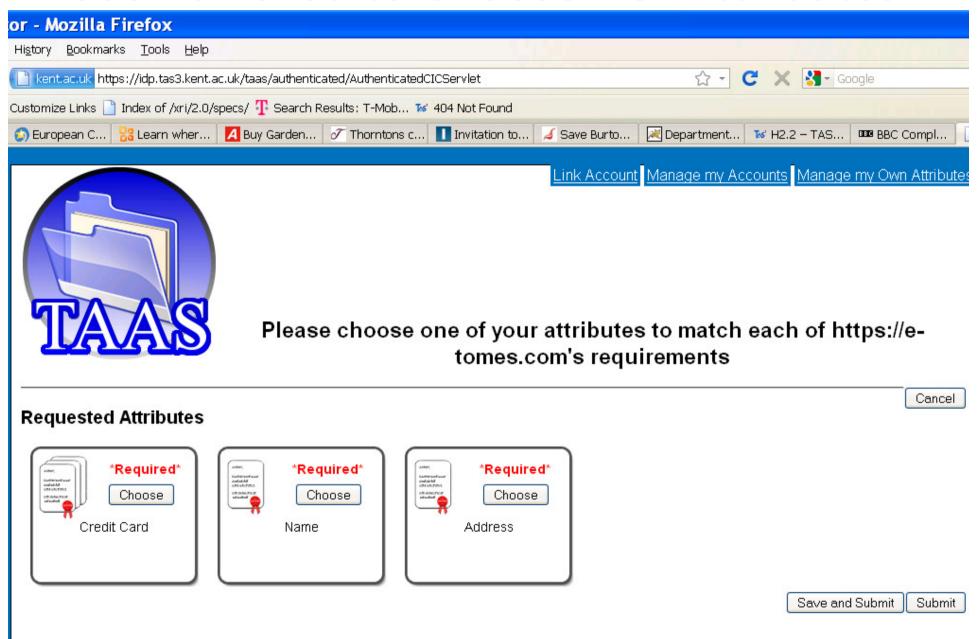


Before you proceed with your purchase we require you to login with an authentication level of 1 and supply us with the following information:

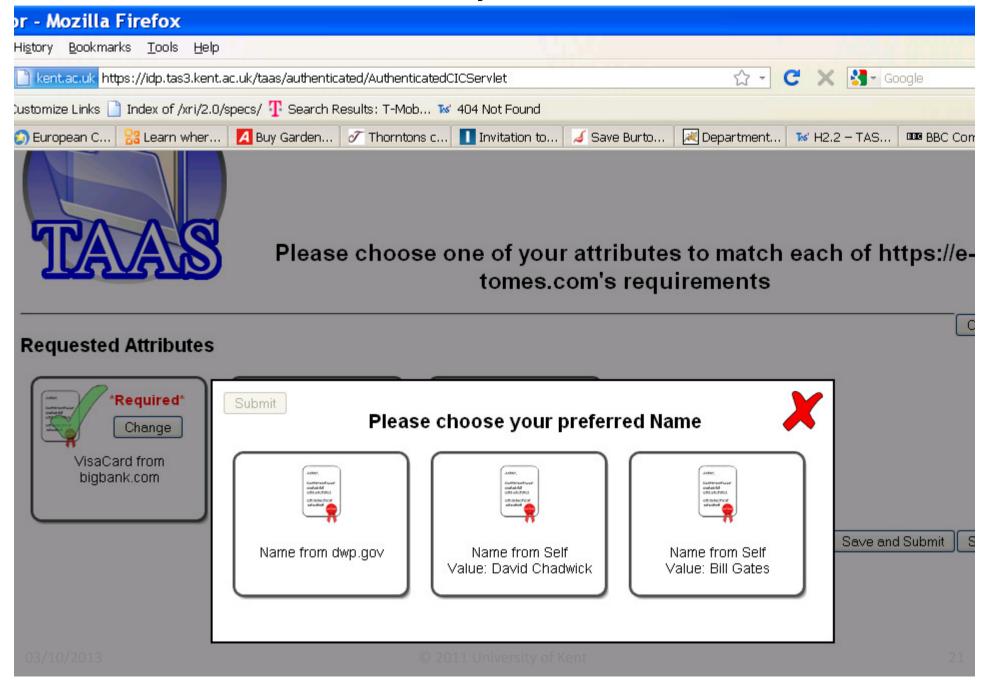
- A Credit Card issued by Visa, Mastercard or American Express
- A Postal address provided by you
- A Recipient name provided by you
- · A Student Card provided by a university



User is Asked to Choose Her Attributes



User Can Have Many Self Asserted Values



Transaction Successful



Thank you for your order!

Your order number is XXX1234, please keep a record of this

Continue Shopping

A Disjunctive Policy



ACM Digital Library

You Are Here: >> Home >> Academic Papers >> Purchase Paper

Before proceeding with your purchase we require you to login with a security level of 1 ? and provide:

Either



A Credit Card issued by Visa

There is a cost of \$25 to download this paper

Or



Proof of affiliation with a UK University

Papers can be downloaded free by members of participating universities



Summary of Usability Features

- Allows SP to display/set its policy for both the LoA and its mandatory and optional attributes, so users know what is required from them
- Allows user to select attributes from multiple IdPs as well as his own provided values (if SP's policy allows it)
- TAAS automatically filters SP's policy against user's attributes and does not show ones that don't match
- TAAS allows users to dynamically add new attributes and links to IDP attributes in the middle of a transaction
- Allows user to add his own attribute types and values
- Allows user mobility and use from Internet cafes
- TAAS will remember a user's choices so they don't have to
- Users never need to enter credit card numbers again

Summary of Security/Privacy Features

- Built on top of SAML so inherits its security and privacy features
- Ensures users consent to each attribute release
- TAAS does not know who the user is
 - It only gets PIDs from IDPs and user self asserted attributes (if any)
- TAAS never sees any IDP provided attribute values
 - They are encrypted end to end from IDP to SP
- TAAS stops phishing attacks by evil SPs and evil emails
 - Users provides their own URLs of their own TAASs
- TAAS stops all storage and theft of credit card numbers from SP sites
 - Users never enter their credit card numbers. Card Issuer sends one time encrypted value to the SP for use in current transaction
- The SP receives digitally signed assertions from each IdP, each asserting different attributes for the same user (identified by a Random ID)
- Uses standard protocols throughout (SAMLv2, LA ID-WSF EPRs)
- Requires trust between various components
- Provides very similar functionality to U-Prove and Idemix tokens, but with today's technologies.

Trust Requirements

- SP must trust authenticating IDP to authenticate user correctly
- SP must trust IDPs for attributes they issue
- IDPs must trust authenticating IDP to authenticate user correctly
- SPs and IDPs must trust TAAS not to mix up user PIDs and to only release PIDs back to their issuing IDPs

Conclusions

- Leveraging Trust reduces the cost of doing business
- We introduce a Trusted Attribute Aggregation Service that facilitates trust between users, SPs and IDPs and allows attribute aggregation, user consent and user choice over which attributes to release
- The standardisation activities that are still required are
- The content of the SP's policy
- The profiles for use of SAMLv2, LA and HTTP/post protocols